

2026 SEEDING ROTATION REQUIREMENTS

FIELD PEAS

Field peas include smooth green or yellow peas, forage/feed peas for seed, Austrian peas and marrowfat peas (all spring types)

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ field peas were planted in either of the previous 2 crop years
- ◇ lentils or chickpeas were planted in the previous crop year

LENTILS

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ lentils were planted in either of the previous 2 crop years
- ◇ field peas or chickpeas were planted in the previous crop year

CHICKPEAS

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ chickpeas were planted in any of the 3 previous crop years

CANOLA

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ chickpeas, mustard, sunflowers, dry beans, crambe, canola, rapeseed or camelina were planted in the previous crop year

MUSTARD

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ chickpeas, mustard, sunflowers, dry beans, crambe, canola or rapeseed were planted in the previous crop year

SUNFLOWERS

Insurance will NOT attach to any acreage on which:

- ◇ mustard, safflower, sunflowers, dry beans, crambe, canola or rapeseed were planted in the previous crop year

Large Kabuli (LKC):

- ◆ Bridger
- ◆ Crown
- ◆ Dwelley
- ◆ Dylan
- ◆ HB-14
- ◆ Nash
- ◆ Orion
- ◆ Palmer
- ◆ Sawyer
- ◆ Sierra
- ◆ Troy
- ◆ Xena
- ◆ Yuma

Small Kabuli (SKC):

- ◆ Alma
- ◆ Amit (B-90)
- ◆ Chi Chi
- ◆ Chico
- ◆ Frontier
- ◆ Luna
- ◆ All other chickpea varieties not designated are insured as SKC

Forage peas must be grown under contract to be insurable. Varieties: Arvika, Magna, Maple, 4010, etc.

Can it be insured? Assuming it is not in an uninsurable map area:

- ⇒ New Breaking - the acreage was broken and farmed in the past and is now being broken up to farm again. This includes tearing out alfalfa. This does not require a written agreement and now gets 85% of the T-yield. It must be noted.
- ⇒ Land emerging from CRP within the two most recent crop years is insurable using 100% of the T-yield. If it came out 3 or more years ago, it is considered new breaking but no longer requires a written agreement. It must be noted though.
- ⇒ Native Sod means the land has never been broken before. It gets 65% of the T-yield and must be designated as such.
- ⇒ Land must have been planted and harvested or insured in one of the 4 previous crop years to be insurable; otherwise it is considered new breaking and receives 85% of the T-yield.